# 了你们 INTERNATIONAL MICROTONAL GUITAR COMPETITION

1ST CATEGORY "**COMPOSITIONS** INCLUDING A MICROTONAL GUITAR"

2ND CATEGORY "**ARRANGEMENTS** INCLUDING A MICROTONAL GUITAR"

FIRST PRIZE: MICROTONAL GUITAR KG

SECOND PRIZE: UD

THIRD PRIZE: BAĞLAMA





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## **JURY MEMBERS**

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# Composition :

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Karaağaç Çarpıldı	by Temmuz Işı Özerkan	(3 <sup>rd</sup> Prize)

# Arrangement :

Uşşak Saz Semai (Salih Dede)	by Radu Varga	(1 <sup>st</sup> Prize)
Derdim Çoktur	by Mert Mutaf	(2 <sup>nd</sup> Prize)
Seher Yeli Nazlı Yare	by Tony Italia	(3 <sup>rd</sup> Prize)

# Mention Prizes :

Scolopendra	by Flavio Virzi
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# Curse of The Sandman

for Solo Microtonal Guitar (fretted in 8-EDO)

+ Electronic Effects

**Rich Perks** 

"I move from dreamer to dreamer, from dream to dream, hunting for what I need. Slipping and sliding and flickering through the dreams; and the dreamer will wake, and wonder why this dream seemed different, wonder how real their lives can truly be."

- Neil Gaiman (The Sandman)

Curse of The Sandman - for Solo Microtonal Guitar (fretted in 8-EDO) + Electronic Effects

## 8-EDO Overview

8-EDO (Equal Divisions of the Octave) is the tuning system derived by dividing the octave into eight equal parts of exactly 150 cents each. A guitar fretted in 8-EDO adds a further dimension in that each string can produce a different set of eight notes depending on the choice of tuning/scordatura applied. This yields a specific overall 'note-pool', containing a complex array of quarter-tone pitches. Certain notes may appear only in certain registers; and some pitch classes common to 12-TET (i.e. where each string yields the same twelve notes) may be eliminated altogether. This method of note/pitch generation presents various expansions and limitations both sonically and physically on the guitar, affording novel performance possibilities.

Each string generates a pitch-set comprising two diminished seventh arpeggios, each displaced by 150 cents. Though these pitch-sets inherently yield much dissonance, they also provide excellent approximations of 11-limit Just ratios 12/11 (undecimal neutral second  $\approx$  150.6¢) and 11/6 (undecimal neutral seventh  $\approx$  1049.4¢), and a very good approximation of the 13-limit Just ratio 13/10 (tridecimal semisixth  $\approx$  454.2 ¢), see Figure 1 below.

*Curse of The Sandman* is written for any microtonal guitar fretted in 8-EDO (or any microtonal guitar capable of producing the equivalent note-pool, e.g. adjustable microtonal guitars; guitars fretted in 16-/24-EDO etc.), and makes explicit use of any well-approximated Just intervals throughout.

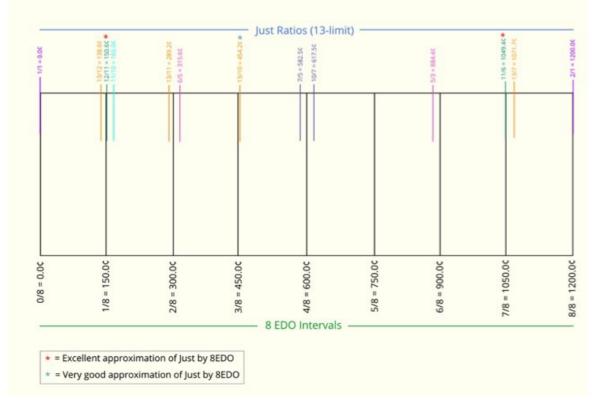
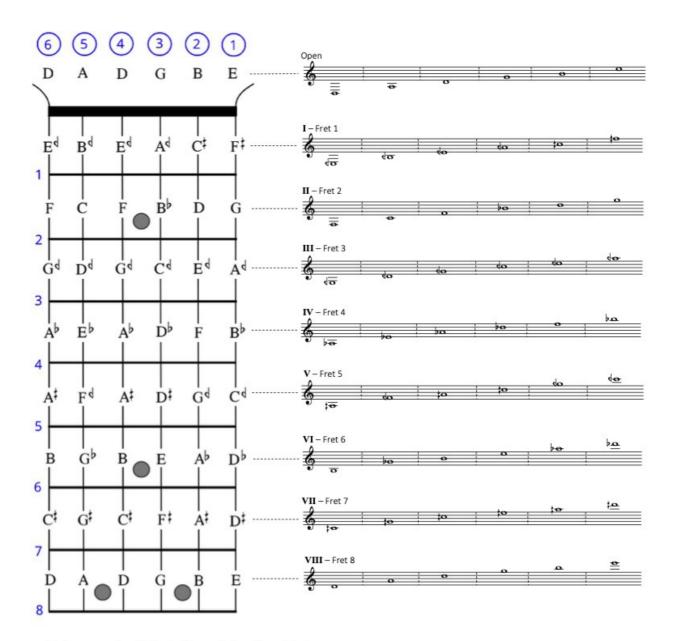


Fig 1. Just intervals approximated by 8-EDO



## Note-pool/Fretboard Map (first octave)

#### Enharmonics/Pitch Class Labelling System:

- All quarter-tone pitches have been spelt in their simplest form (e.g. C quarter-tone-sharp is used instead of D three-quarter-tones-flat throughout, as this note is 'closer' to C than to D etc.).
- Pitches along each string (by fret, from the open string) have been allocated a different 'letter-name', until the point at which a duplication of letter-name is needed to ensure simplest quarter-tone enharmonic spelling, in accordance with rule 1.
- 3. Any strings that yield the same pitch-set, have matching enharmonic spellings (to avoid confusion in score).
- 4. All semi-tone accidentals have been spelt consistently throughout, in accordance with rule 2.

Curse of The Sandman - for Solo Microtonal Guitar (fretted in 8-EDO) + Electronic Effects

## Performance Notes

Curse of The Sandman is inspired by characters and events from the graphic novel The Sandman vol. 1: Preludes & Nocturnes, by Neil Gaiman (1989).

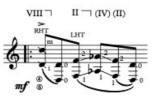
Duration: c. 5 minutes.

Scordatura:



#### Special Techniques and Notations:

Tapping



#### Right Hand Tapping (RHT)

Tap notes with right hand. Notated with *backslashed* noteheads and RHT direction above. Finger suggestions provided (i, m, a); Fret number/position indicated by Roman Numerals.

#### Left Hand Tapping (LHT)

Tap notes with left hand. Notated with standard noteheads and LHT direction above. Finger suggestions provided (1, 2, 3, 4); Fret number/position indicated by Roman Numerals.

Slap strings with right thumb (p) to create a forceful percussive sound (i.e. a more 'aggressive' form of *tambora*); notated with *cross-head* noteheads; performance direction above.

#### Hit

Slap

Hit strings (or guitar body) with either right or left hand; indeterminate pitch; notated with non-pitched *slash* noteheads in brackets; performance direction above.

#### 'Hit' Artificial Harmonic

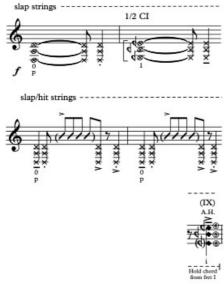
Strike strings with right index finger (i) directly above the fret indicated to create artificial harmonic(s); string numbers provided; sounding pitches notated with *diamond-head* noteheads; performance directions above.

#### **Electronic Effects:**

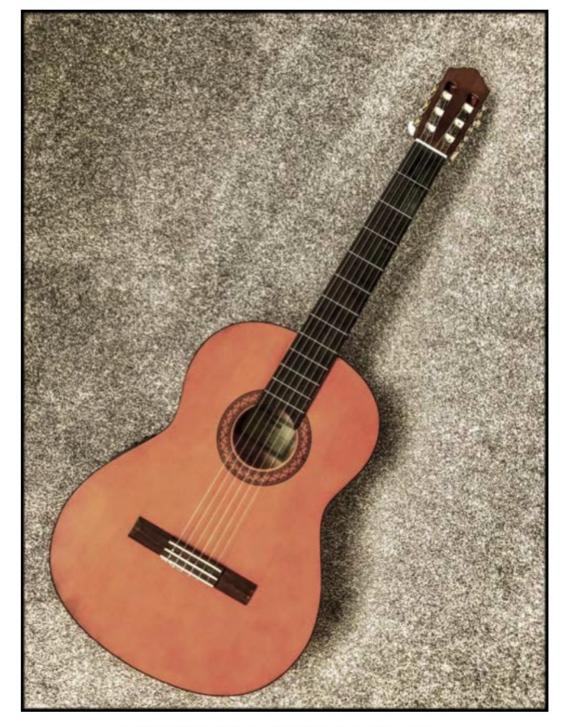
Electronic effects/pedals needed: reverb(s); delay(s); EQ boost; synth/bitcrusher; ring modulator [LFO]; and vinyl/phonograph emulator.

The use of electronic effects/pedals should be applied as directed by the score; specific settings however, may be decided by the performer. Effects may be added as part of a direct signal chain (i.e. if using an electric or electro-acoustic guitar) or via a microphone (i.e. if the guitar is acoustic). Effects instructions are indicated on the score in square brackets (underneath the stave), e.g. [add delay].

#### Percussive



Curse of The Sandman - for Solo Microtonal Guitar (fretted in 8-EDO) + Electronic Effects



8-EDO fretted guitar used to compose, perform and record Curse of The Sandman:

Photo: Converted Yamaha CX40 (nylon-string electro-acoustic)

# Curse of The Sandman

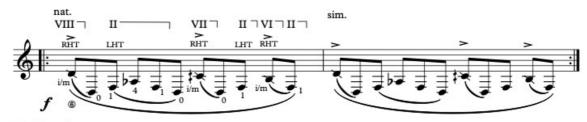
Duration: c. 5 mins.

**Rich Perks** 

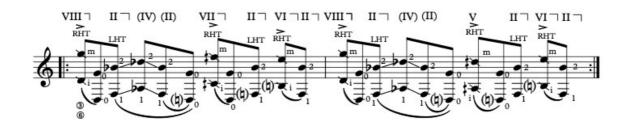


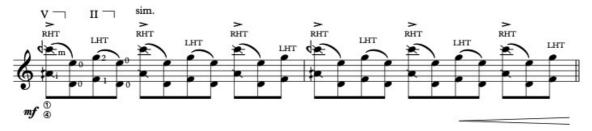
Drift away...



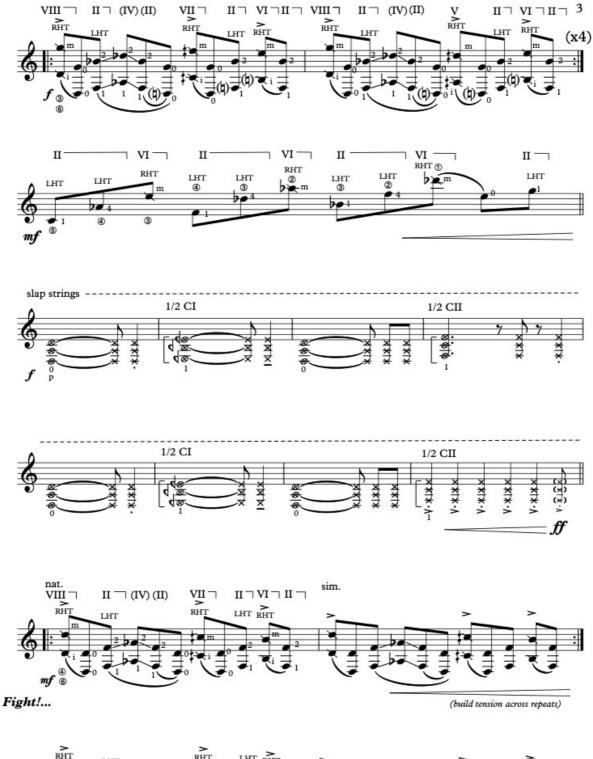


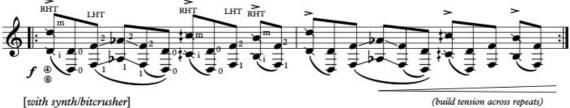
'The Sandman' appears...





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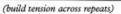




(build tension across repeats)



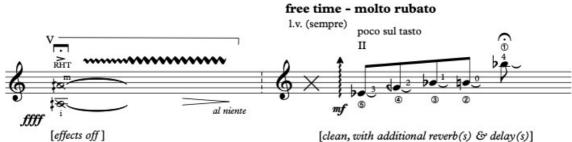
[add < 200Hz EQ boost]





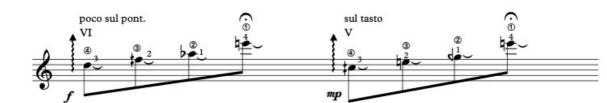
[add ring modulator]

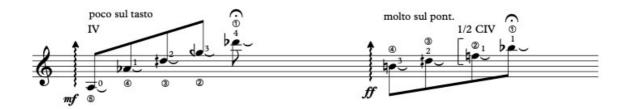
<sup>(</sup>build tension across repeats)

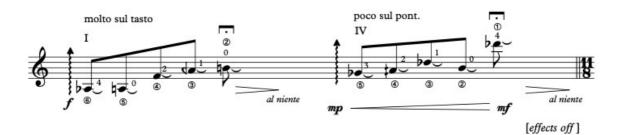


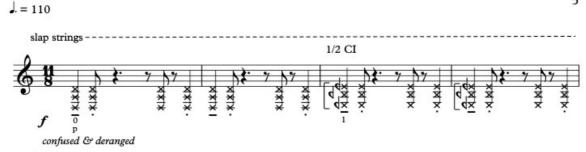
Lost to 'the Dreaming' ....

[clean, with additional reverb(s) & delay(s)]



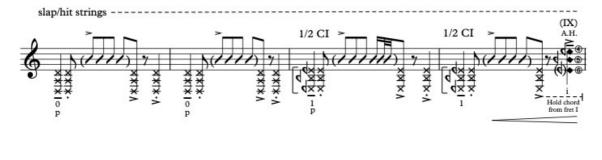


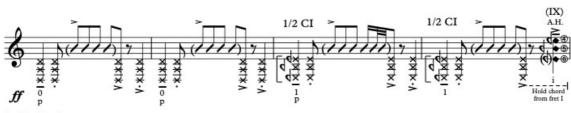




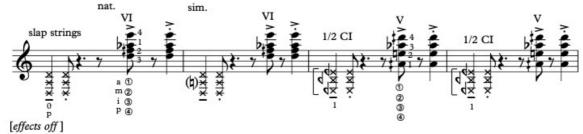
Partially emerge...

a tempo

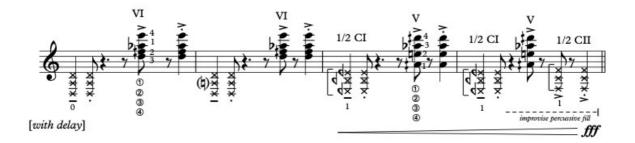




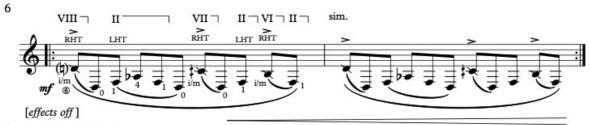
[with delay]



Seek help of 'Desire'...



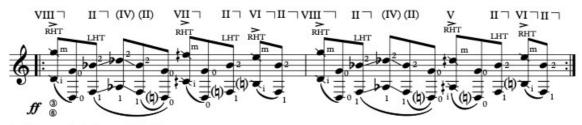
5



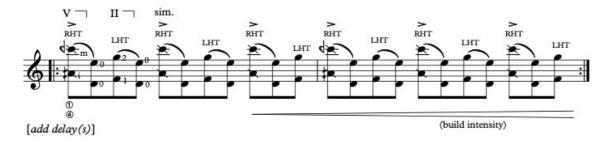
Attempt to escape ...

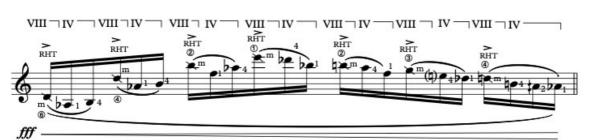
(gradually build across repeat)





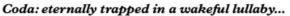
[add 'agressive' ring modulator] Increasing panic & mania...





...awake!







Monorail etude I

Aart Strootman 2023

#### About the piece:

I wrote this first monorail etude for a call for scores from microtonalguitar.org. The competition was aimed for compositions making use of a microtonal guitar. Just before encountering the call I was experimenting with an electric guitar with added frets. The idea for this instrument was to extend the instrument's most used "blues in E" chords (E-A-B) to their I3th partial.

In this first minimal-inspired work the microtonal notes are limited to the 7th partial of A, the 7th and 13th partial of B, and the 5th and 11th partial of E. The only exception is the 5th partial of the 5th partial of E: the ratio 25/16, so a C lowered with a double syntonic comma. All notations are based on Helmholtz-Ellis' suggested notation.



#### Effects:

The title is referring to the *delay* settings of the piece: a strict tempo between 60 and 72 is chosen (so 1000 or 833 ms) for the opening of the piece (dotted quarter). This effect doesn't change throughout the piece, creating various rhythmical grids. This is inspired by the composer to whom the piece is dedicated: Terry Riley. Rhythmical precision is key, hence the monorail.

To get the maximum effect from the delay effect it is recommended to put a piece of *tape* on the highest four strings. The sustain is reduced severely and a snappy attack is assured.

Besides the effects the performer is invited to gradually add *distortion* towards the climax of the piece (roughly bar 125) and gently remove it when the opening material reoccurs (bar 164). Any other effect that can enhance the kaleidoscopic effect of the limited tone material is welcomed.

Submarine makes pickups that can only pickup the lowest two strings of the guitar. In the provided recording this pickup is used to add an open E string with *reverb* in the 16th section from bar 125. This is ad libitum but gives a nice warm low end to the frantic texture.

Dedicated to Terry Riley

Monorail etude I

for microtonal electric guitar and (ping-pong) delay

Aart Strootman (2023)



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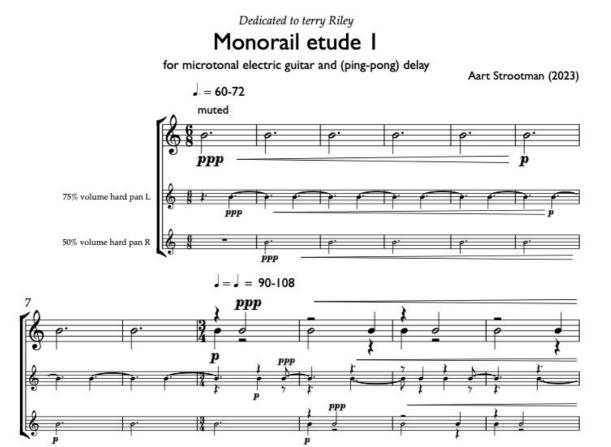
















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drop D F# = F + 50 cents C# = C + 70 cents

# Uşşak Saz Semâî















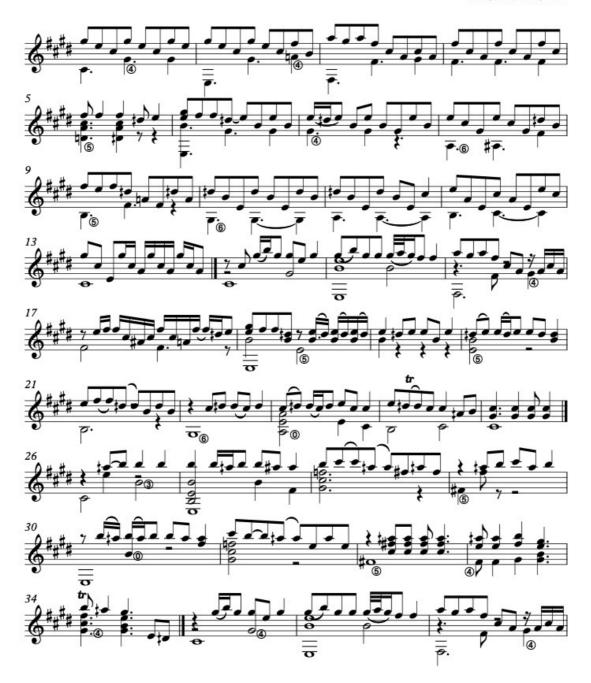






## DERDİM ÇOKTUR

PİR SULTAN ABDAL DERLEYEN:ALİ EKBER ÇİÇEK arr: S. Mert MUTAF





Seher-Yeli-Nazlı-Yare

arr Tony Italia

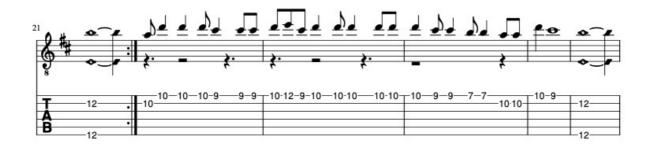














## scolopendra for 19-edo guitar

<u>Tuning</u>: the piece is composed for a fretted guitar with 19 equidistant intervals per octave. Open strings are tuned E A D G B E, according to the size of intervals in 19-edo.

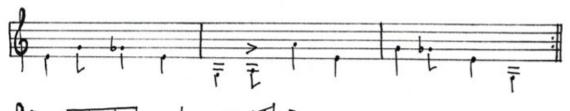
Perfect fourth: 505 cents

Major Third: 379 cents

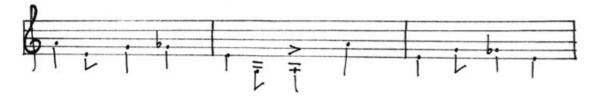
Notation: 19-edo can be represented with the traditional letter names and system of sharps and flats by treating flats and sharps as distinct notes; in 19edo only B sharp is enharmonic with C flat, and E sharp with F flat.

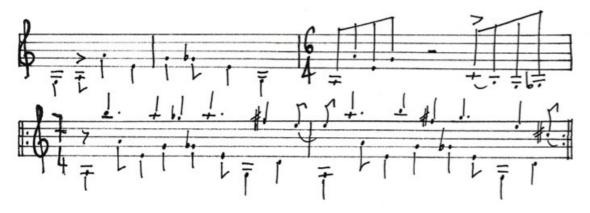






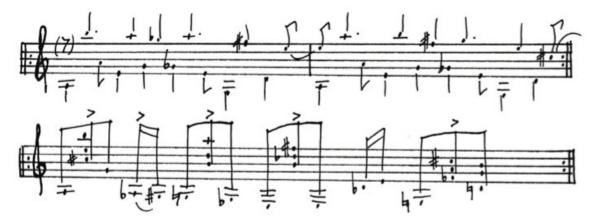




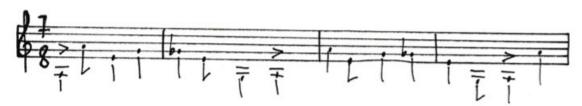


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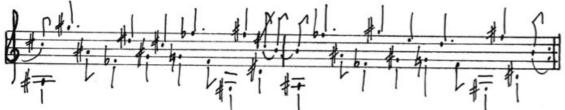






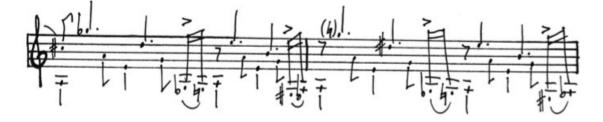






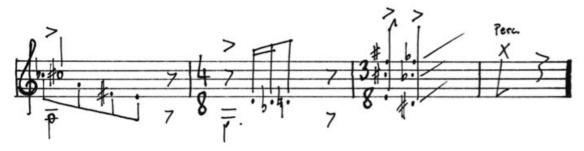








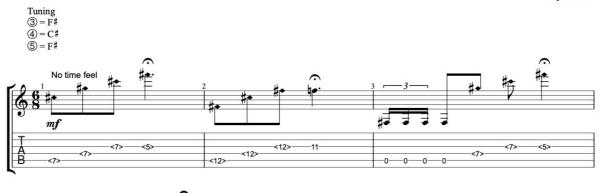




Zambra Anatolia

G# and D# occurs as G#3 and D#3 (tune 35 cents lower)

Alper Yakin







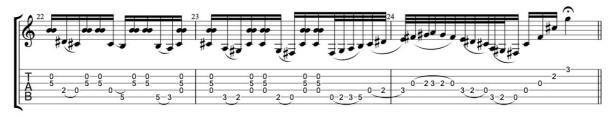




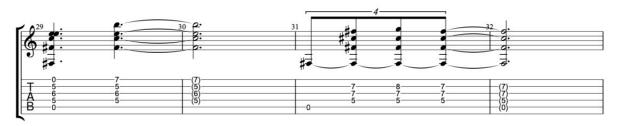




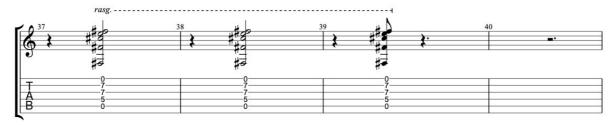




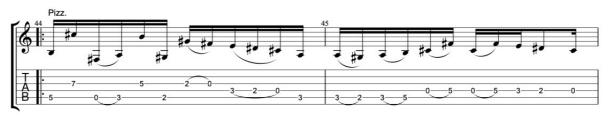










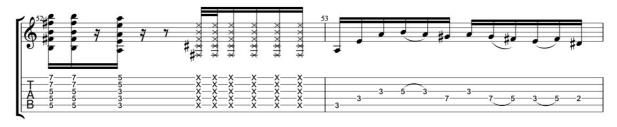


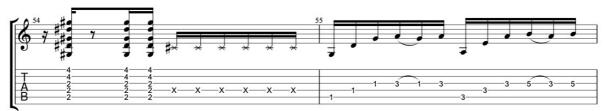






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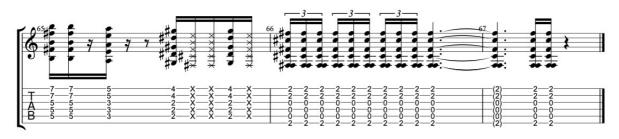












4/4

## Dulab Rast

Tuning: (1) and (2) down by more or less a quarter tone

Bar Halevy

